

Chief Scientist's Update to the NOAA Science Advisory Board

August 2, 2015

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National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration



Today's Update

| | STRATEGIC | TACTICAL |
|----------|---|------------------------------------|
| INTERNAL | SRGM R2X | RTAP |
| EXTERNAL | CI21 Analytics [WH-level policies, NAS (SSB, OSB, BASC...)] | Chief Scientist's Annual Report |

How we prioritize

Strategic Research Guidance Memorandum 2016

Priority

Integrated Earth system processes & predictions

Observing system optimization

Decision science, risk assessment & risk communication

Data science

Integrated water prediction

Arctic

New emphases

Ecosystem-based fisheries management under unified modeling

Innovative enhanced sensing and sampling (compressive sensing; acoustics)
Assess performance of new data sources

Better use new relationships with other agencies investing in social, behavioral and economic sciences research

Extracting meaningful info from heterogeneous data sources
Exascale computing

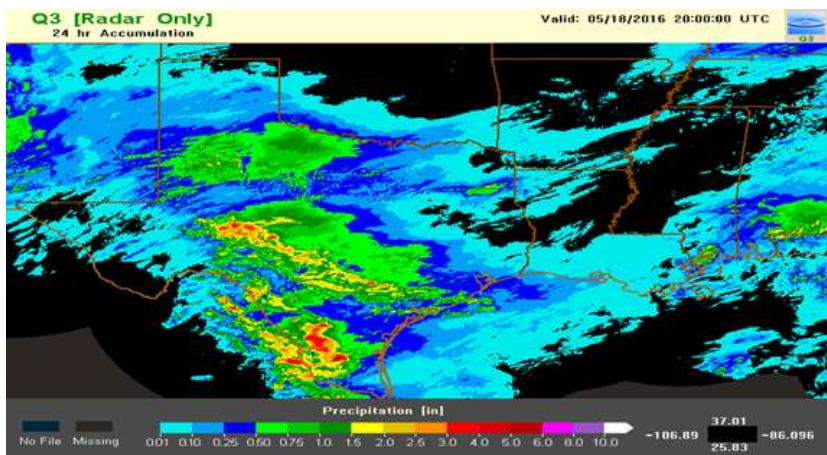
Water quality

Sea ice models & predictions
Water level monitoring
Key Arctic species



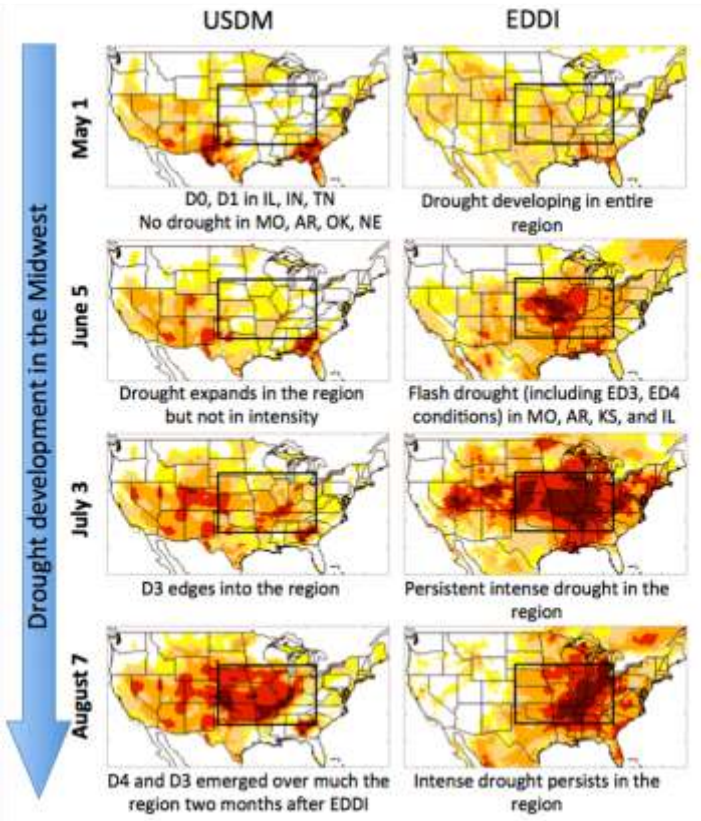
Research Transition Acceleration Program (RTAP)

Joint Technology Transfer Initiative (JTII)-funded through RTAP selection process



Upgrades and Improvements to MRMS

Start date: June 1, 2016
One year of funding



Evaporative Demand Drought Index (EDDI)

Institutionalization of SRGM & R₂X

FY17 budget formulation

- Integrated water prediction
- Observing system optimization (aircraft-based; ASOS & NEXRAD)
- Arctic Observing Network (AON)
- RTAP

Practices

- FY17 SBIR call for subtopics
- Unified Modeling Working Group
- NOSC Emerging Technologies Workshop

CI21 Recommendations

Vision for Cooperative Institutes in the 21st Century

The new “CI21” model seeks to reinforce the role of NOAA’s CIs as authoritative brokers of information and knowledge, and to advance the connectivity of NOAA science to critical intellectual resources. This model is intended to help ensure the CIs are efficiently and effectively run while focusing on:

Key Areas

recs



Timescales

Short-term (6-9 months)
Medium-term (1-3 years)
Long-term (3-5 years)



CI21 Outcomes

- Clarity of expectations for NOAA & CIs
- Validation of cost benefit
- Definition of future opportunities
- Workforce optimization

Analytics - Bibliometrics

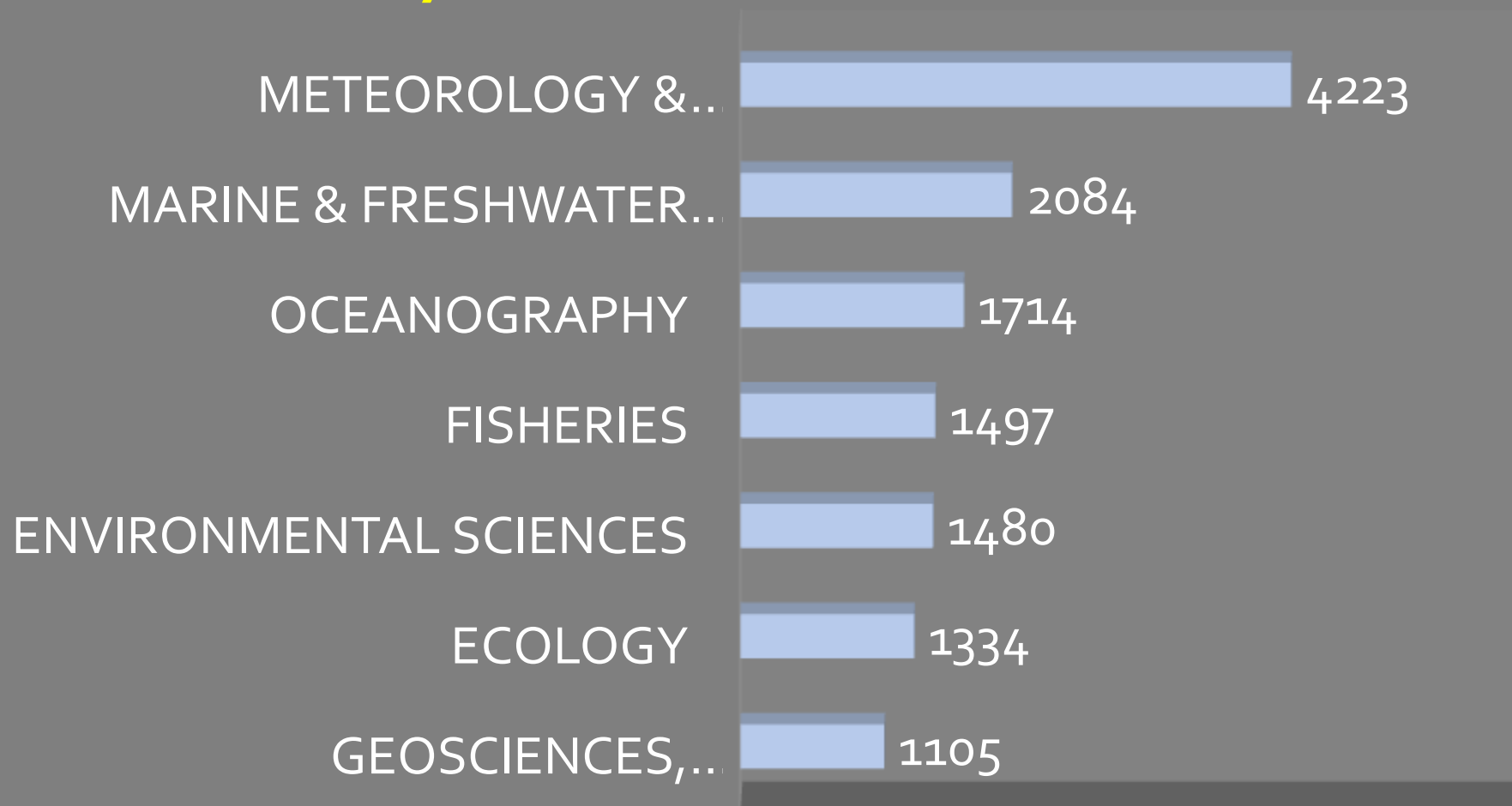
- First-time ever for NOAA
- Most rigorous productivity & impact analytics for NOAA R&D
- Strongest areas aligned with mission
- At leading edge across federal agency science

Analytics - Bibliometrics

| | Productivity | Impact |
|----------|--------------------|---|
| Absolute | | H-index % of papers cited |
| Relative | # Of Papers | Normalized citation impact % of papers in top 10% |

What Fields of Research is NOAA INFLUENCING?

7 'Core' Research Areas



Meteorology and Atmospheric Sciences

PRODUCTIVITY

NOAA

4223

NASA

3457

DOE

1851

DOD

974

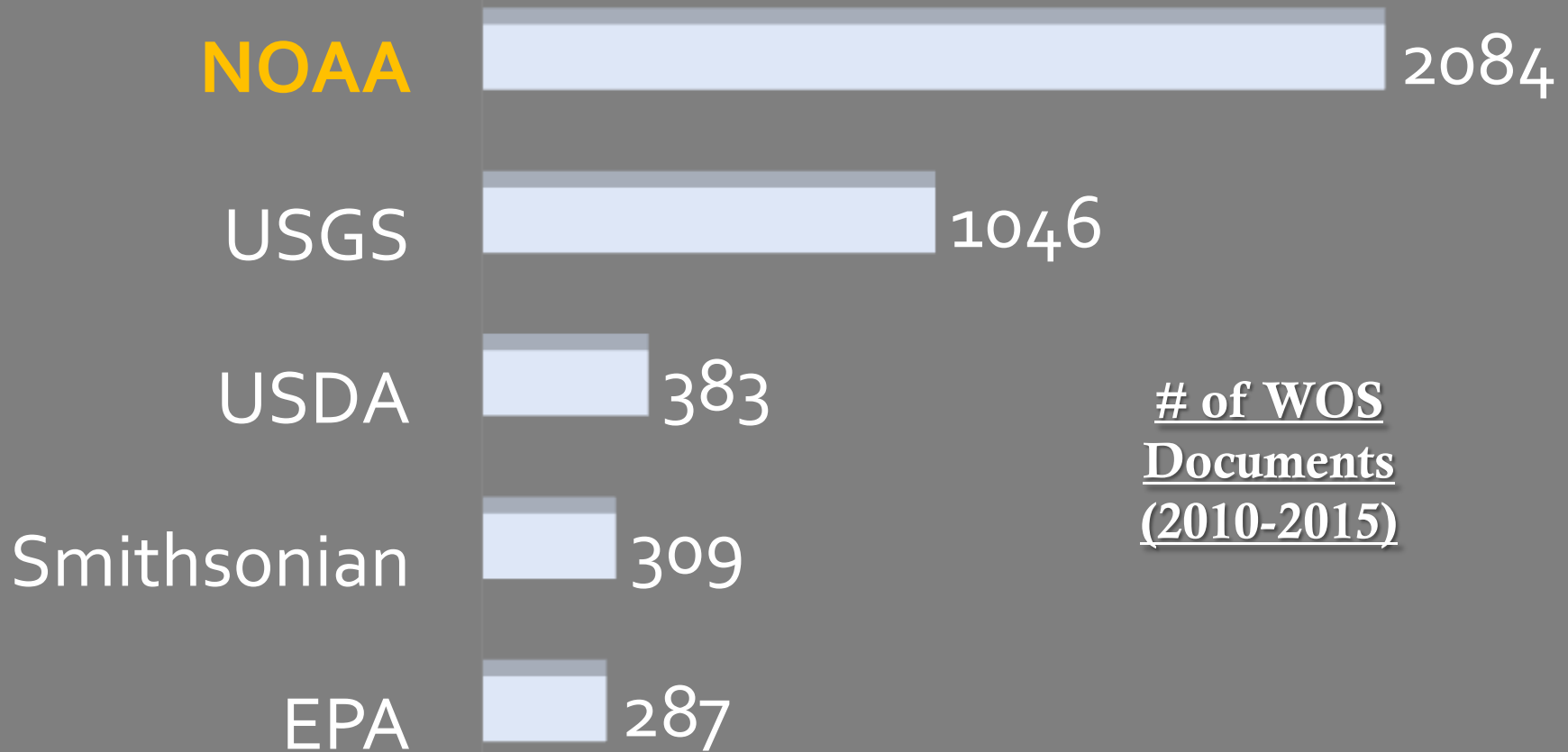
USDA

521

of WOS Documents
(2010-2015)

Marine and Freshwater Biology

PRODUCTIVITY

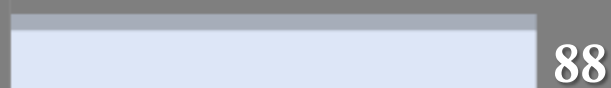


Meteorology and Atmospheric Sciences (2010-2015)

ABSOLUTE IMPACT

H-Index

NOAA



NASA



DOE



DOD



USDA



RELATIVE IMPACT

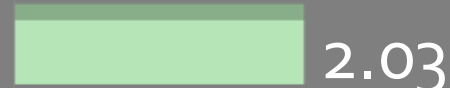
Category Normalized Citation

Impact

DOE



NOAA



NASA



USDA



DOD



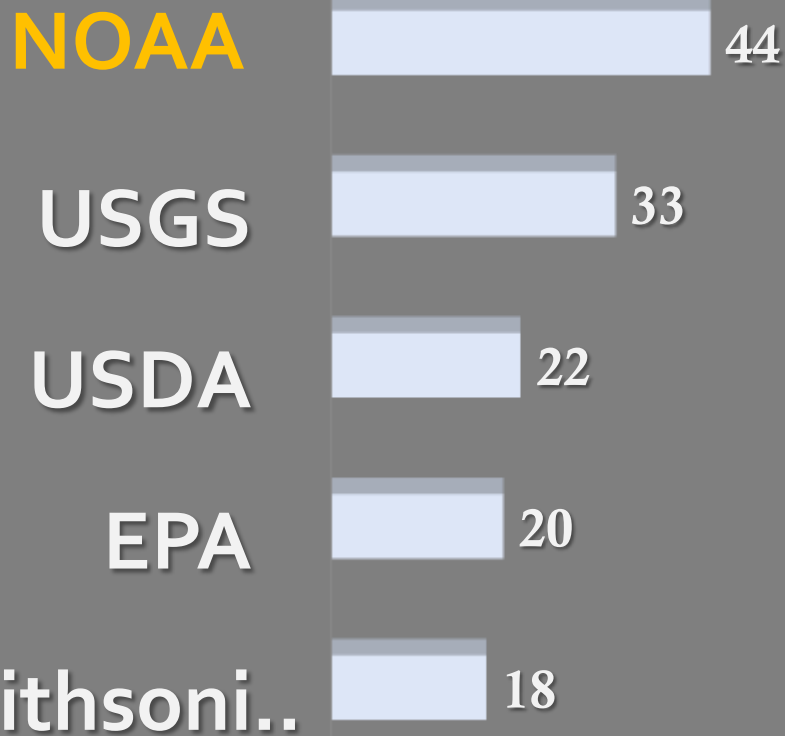
OF DOCS = 4223



Marine and Freshwater Biology (2010-2015)

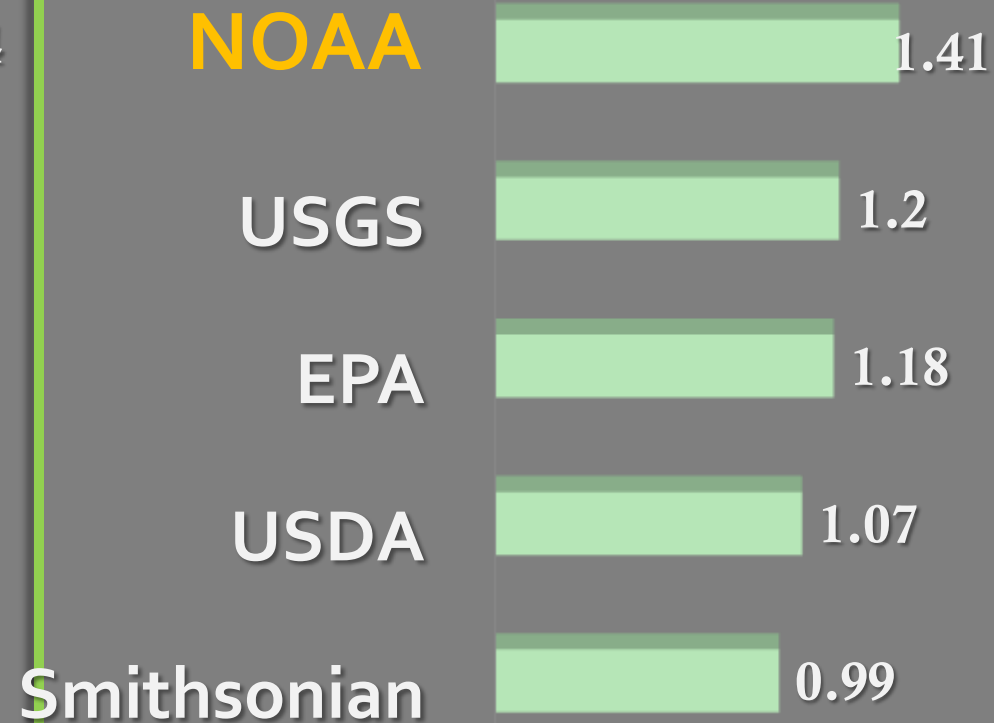
ABSOLUTE IMPACT

H-Index



RELATIVE IMPACT


Category Normalized Citation Impact



OF DOCS = 2084



Analytics - Bibliometrics

| Metric Fields | # of documents | % of documents cited | H-Index | CNCI | % docs in top 10% |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Oceanography | 1 (1,714) | 2 (83%) (USGS) | 1 (46) | 2 (1.7) (DOE) | 2 (21%) (DOE) |
| Fisheries | 1 (1,497) | 4 (74%) (USGS) | 1 (33) | 1 (1.44) | 1 (16%) |
| Environmental Sciences | 5 (1,480) (DOE) | 1 (84%) | 5 (53) (DOE) | 1 (1.81) | 2 (24%) (DOE) |
| Ecology | 4 (1,334) (USDA) | 2 (85%) (Smiths.) | 5 (50) (USDA) | 3 (1.47) (Smiths.) | 2 (20%) (Smiths.) |
| Geosciences (multidisciplinary)  | 4 (1,105) (USGS) | 1 (85%) | 2 (57) (NASA) | 1 (2.22) | 1 (26%) |

Chief Scientist's Annual Report (CSAR)

Purpose

- Corporate-level overview of NOAA's R&D, including clear expression of agency **research portfolio logic model**
- Highlights **progress** towards meeting agency priorities in R&D, scientific integrity, and workforce development
- “Trophy” cases
 - New key innovative R&D
 - R2X achievements
 - Publications
 - Awards
 - Analytics
- Outward-facing

Chief Scientist's Annual Report

1. Introduction
2. R&D themes
3. Bibliometrics
4. Workforce & Reviews

Chief Scientist's Annual Report

1. Introduction



- Portfolio logic
- R&D themes
- Organization
- Workforce & Reviews

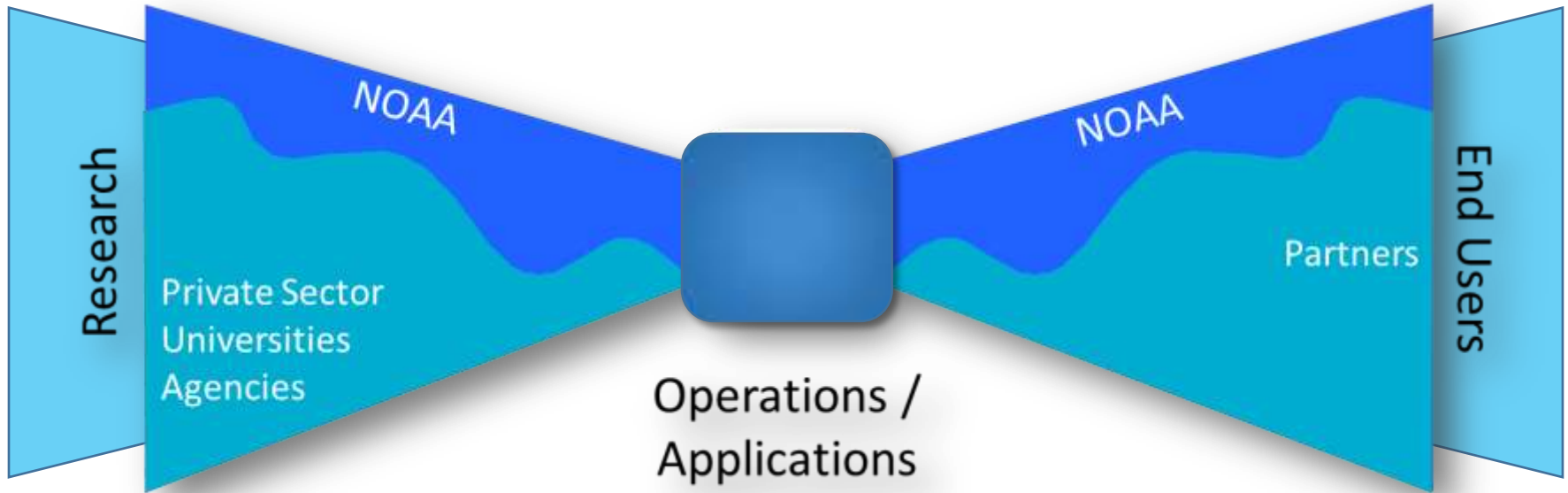
2. R&D themes

3. Bibliometrics

4. Workforce &
Reviews

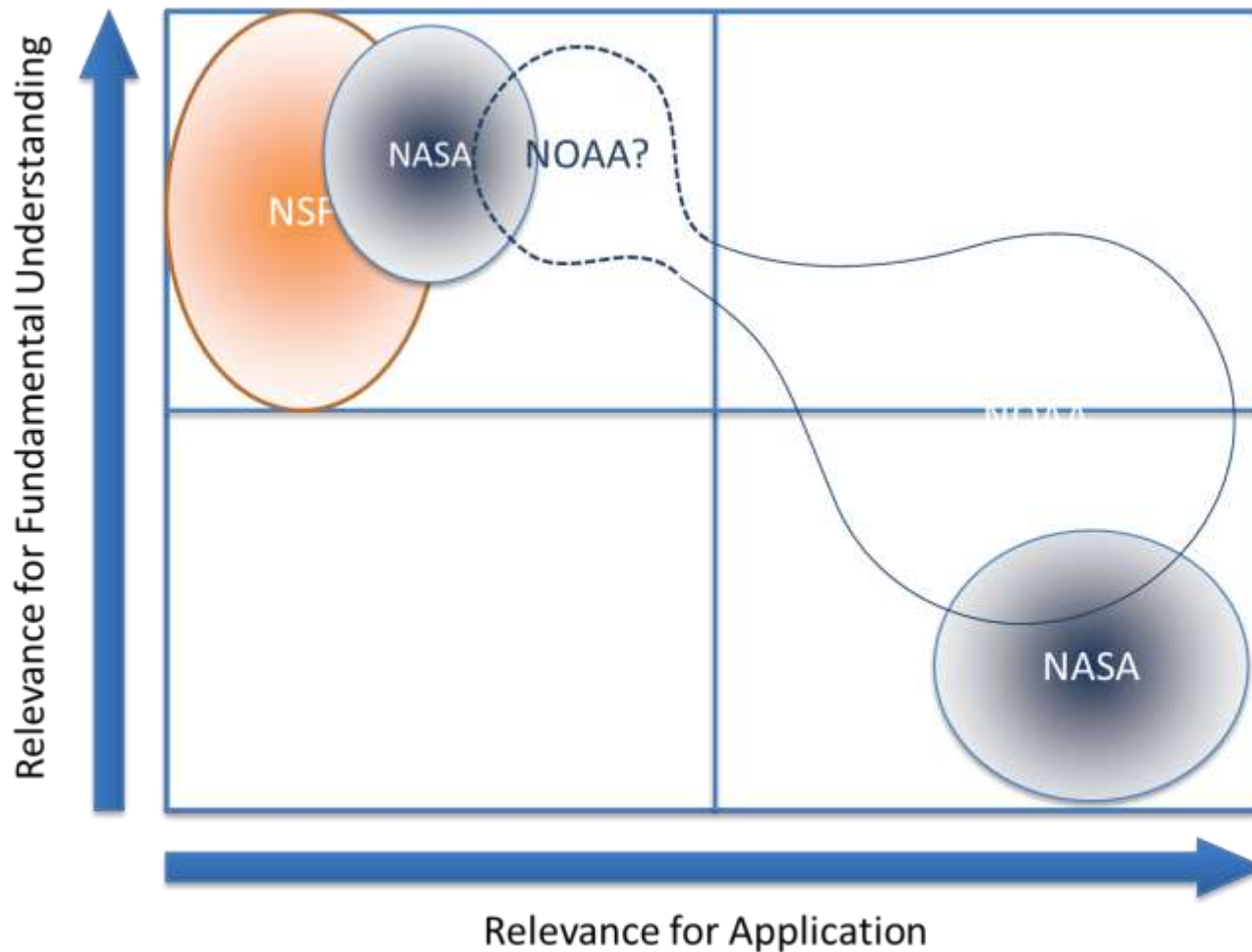
Chief Scientist's Annual Report

Why NOAA does research



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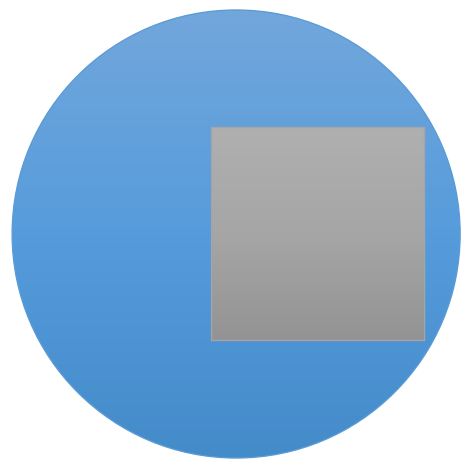
What research we do



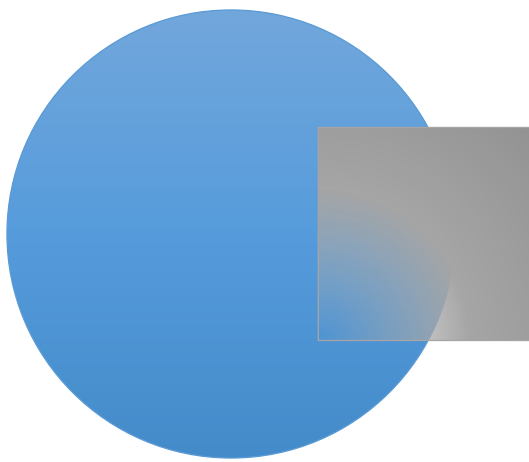
Chief Scientist's Annual Report

Where we do research

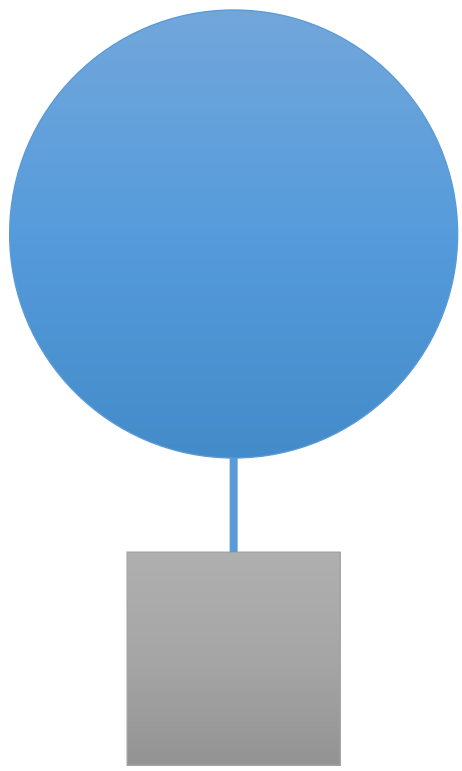
Regulatory



Hybrid



Long Time to Maturity

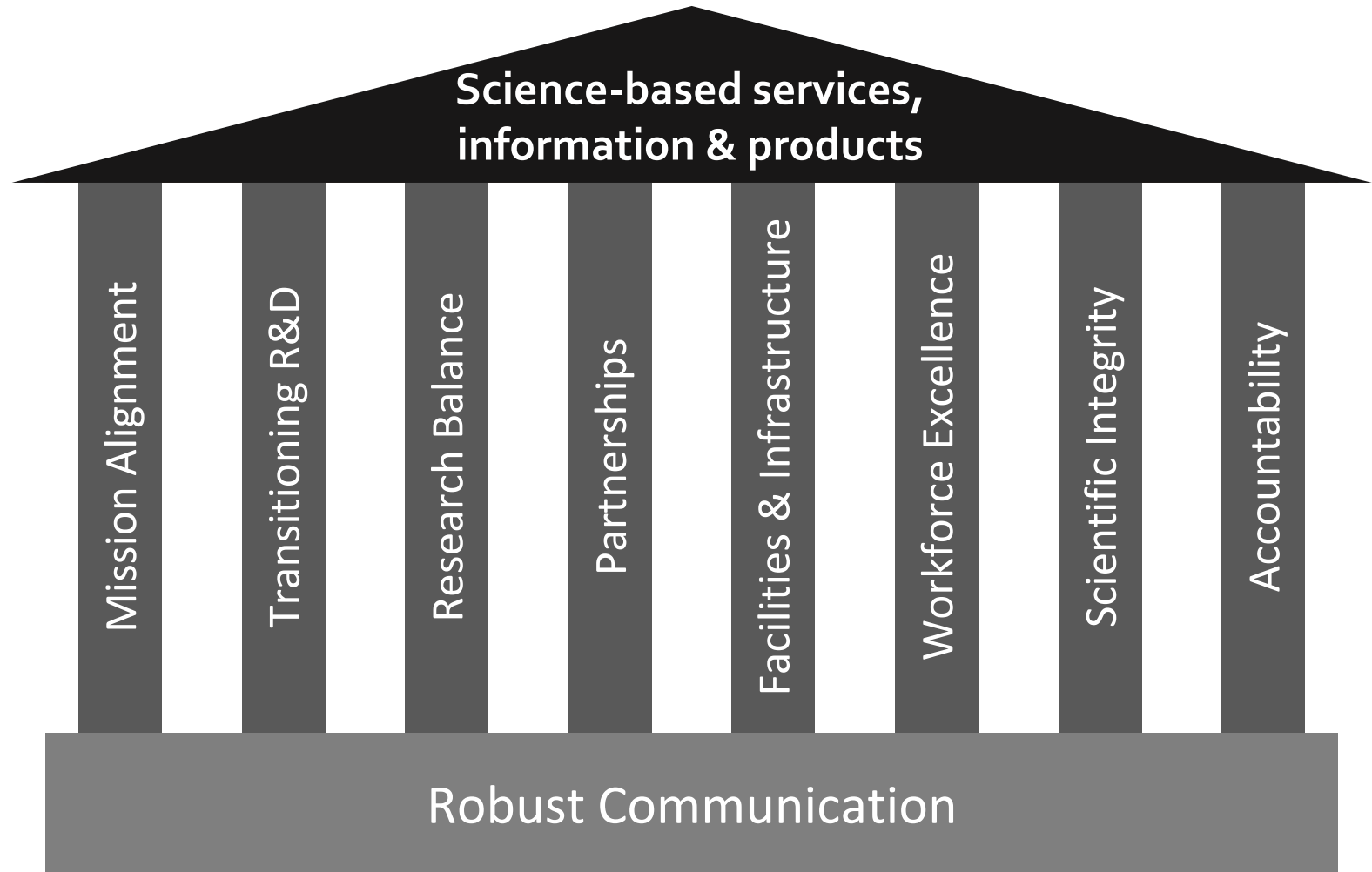


● Services
■ Research for Services

2004 SAB, MacDonald et al. report, Murawski et al. report

Chief Scientist's Annual Report

How we do research



Chief Scientist's Annual Report

1. Introduction

2. R&D themes →

3. Bibliometrics

4. Workforce &
Reviews

- Integrated Earth system processes and predictions
- Observing system optimization
- Decision science, risk assessment & risk communication
- Data science
- Water prediction
- Arctic

SRGM priorities

Chief Scientist's Annual Report

1. Introduction

2. R&D themes

3. **Bibliometrics** →

4. Workforce &
Reviews

- Productivity
- Absolute impact
- Relative impact

Chief Scientist's Annual Report

1. Introduction
2. R&D themes
3. Bibliometrics
4. Workforce & Reviews



- Scientific integrity
- Accomplishments
- Awards
- Publications
- Reviews

Chief Scientist's Annual Report

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2. R&D themes
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4. Workforce & Reviews

Final report
October 2016

Thank you

www.noaa.gov

