

NOAA Response to the ESMWG Report on a Rapidly Changing Marine Environment

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Supporting science, service, and stewardship



Outline

- Summary of Recommendation Response
- NOAA Actions in Response to Report
- Top Three Challenges and/or Opportunities with Implementation of Recommendations
- Path Forward & Future Engagement with the SAB





Summary of Recommendation Response

NOAA acknowledges the SAB/ESMWG for their thoughtful recommendations and advice regarding the evolution of NOAA's practices over the next decade to keep up with, and anticipate rapidly evolving future ocean states & the impact on ocean resources and communities.

NOAA is committed to:

- addressing ecological and multi-stressor forecasting and developing modeling capabilities that provide actionable science advice to resource managers,
- evolving ideas of how social science will be used by NOAA in anticipating fisheries, ecosystems, restoration, and coastal risk management needs and applying such information for effective adaptation approaches under rapid system change, and
- incorporating collaborative, or participatory science, in the co-design and co-production in NOAA's scientific programs and decision making.



NOAA Actions in... forecasting and developing modeling capabilities that provide actionable science advice

NOAA is investing in CEFI (the Climate, Ecosystems, and Fisheries Initiative) to provide climateinformed advice for marine resource management and community adaptation.

It builds on past NOAA investments in research, modeling, and decision-making and is an end-to-end decision support system to address four requirements:

- 1. Reliable delivery of robust ocean forecasts and projections.
- **2. Operational production** of climate-informed advice (ecological outlooks, risk assessments, management & adaptation strategies).
- 3. Increased capacity for climate-informed decision-making.
- 4. Research & observations for validation & innovation.

Regional Ocean Modeling Teams

SCIENCE ADVISORY BOARD

Customize MOM6 regional ocean outlooks for Decision Support Teams & other users

1980-04-01 sea surface temperature (°C)

0

5

10 15

20

25 30

CEFI Regional Teams



sea ice (%)

0 20

40

60

80 100

Regional Decision Support Teams

Produce socioecological outlooks, information & advice for decision makers



NOAA Actions in... how social science will be used by NOAA in anticipating fisheries, ecosystems, restoration, and coastal risk management needs

- NOAA utilizes a suite of social sciences disciplines: sociology, anthropology, demography, geography, economics, & political science. NOAA Social Science capacity increased by efficient use & leveraging grant programs, contracts, cooperative science centers & cooperative institutes. NOAA assesses & communicate risk while reducing vulnerability to changing environmental conditions.
- Coupling traditional and emerging social data collection methods to define & model human behavior to inform marine & coastal resources management & to increase resilience of coastal communities.
- Expanding **Community Vulnerability Assessment Portfolio** in regions & communities by coproduction with local partners & their stakeholders to assess community climate vulnerability (e.g., social vulnerability, flood hazard). Assessments identify the co-occurrence of hazard exposure with socioeconomic, structural, and geographic vulnerability.



NOAA Actions in... incorporating collaborative, or participatory science, in the co-design and co-production

- NOAA currently has numerous programs and line offices that engage in place-based community engagement, that can provide a strong base of community connection, engagement and trust.
- Advancing engagement and co-production priorities requires a broad and blended approach that includes providing core personnel to connect with NOAA scientists and also enhance the number of engagement professionals working in the field in NOAA laboratories and place-based partners such as Sea Grant, NERRS and Cooperative Institutes.
- Lesser-resourced and lesser-experienced partners must be included in all portions of multiinstitutional proposals and engagement. NOAA will continue to employ 'wrap-around services', focused symposia, and reporting excellence) that will assist in building true engagement from the beginning of a project, that it can be successfully carried forward.



Challenges and **Opportunities**

1. The buildout and maintenance of CEFI Decision Support System in each region must **include sustained engagement and co-production of climate-informed decisions** and be resourced to be operational over the next three years.

2. Increase capacity in the social sciences to must occur to rapidly advance integrated natural & social sciences to address climate impacts on ecosystems and coastal communities and include increased use of technologies to collect human use behavioral information for enhanced ecosystem assessments.

3. Increase community engagement capacity and **adoption of co-production practices should be adopted more fully across line offices**, programs and laboratories in order to effectively engage and work with impacted communities to improve outcomes.



Path Forward & Future SAB Engagement

NOAA is committed to:

- Addressing ecological & multi-stressor forecasting & developing modeling capabilities that provide actionable science advice.
- Advancing ideas of how social science will be applied in changing fisheries, ecosystems, restoration, & coastal risk management needs for effective adaptation approaches under rapid system change.
- **Incorporating collaborative, or participatory science**, in the co-design and co-production in NOAA's scientific programs and decision making.
- Address actions defined in the NOAA Equitable Climate Action Plan: 5 strategic priorities
- Provide periodic updates to the SAB and its Workgroups on actions addressing the RCME recommendations.



Thank you